## Scytinium kauaiense

## SYNONYMS

Collema kauaiense H.Magn.

FAMILY
Collemataceae

## AUTHORITY

Scytinium kauaiense (H. Magn.) Otálora, P.M. Jørg. \& Wedin
FLORA CATEGORY
Lichen - Native

ENDEMIC TAXON
No
ENDEMIC GENUS
No
ENDEMIC FAMILY
No

STRUCTURAL CLASS
Lichens - Foliose

## CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2018 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Characterised by the corticolous habit; the small to medium (3-4 cm diam.) thalli; densely isidiate lobes and lobe margins, the isidia globular to styliform to squamiform, and sometimes very small and soredia-like; and an absence of apothecia.

## DISTRIBUTION

North Island: Northland (Kerikeri), Auckland (Waitakere Ranges), Wellington (Palmerston North, Tararua Ranges.). South Island: Westland (Punakaiki, Greymouth), Canterbury (Port Hills Christchurch, Peel Forest), Otago (Merton). Coastal and inland, widely distributed.
Known also from Sri Lanka, the Philippines, East Africa, South Africa, the United States including Hawai'i, and Australia.

## HABITAT

On both introduced (*Liriodendron, *Populus, *Salix) and native (Cordyline, Hoheria) trees and shrubs, from forest to gardens and parks.


Corticolous lichen, Rotorua. Photographer: Melissa Hutchison, Date taken: 11/10/2019, Licence: CC BY-NC.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Thallus to $3(-4) \mathrm{cm}$ diam., foliose, rounded to somewhat irregular, rather difficult to distinguish individuals, deeply and broadly lobate, adnate or partly ascending, $\pm$ thin, of about uniform thickness, smooth or in part subpustulate, pale to dark olive-green, matt or somewhat glossy, isidiate. Isidia marginal and laminal, numerous, dense (laminal isidia sometimes in darkish spots) at first $\pm$ globular, soon elongate to squamiform, concolorous with thallus, simple or slightly branched. Lobes few, rounded to $\pm$ elongate, imbricate, $2-4(-10) \mathrm{mm}$ broad, undivided or somewhat lobulate, usually ascending and undulate at margins, margins entire or densely isidiate. Apothecia absent in New Zealand material, in other parts of the the species range, sparse to numerous, laminal, sessile with a constricted base, to 1.6 mm diam., disc plane, red, whitish-pruinose, pruina thin to very thin or disappearing, thalline margin thin, entire, smooth or uneven or $\pm$ isidiate, persistent to $\pm$ disappearing. Ascospores 4 per ascus, monostichous to distichous, imbricate, fusiform, straight or slightly curved, with acute and sometimes extended apices, (4-)5-6celled, (28-)30-36 $\times(6.5-) 7-8.5 \mu \mathrm{~m}$.

## ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (15 February 2022). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, Features, and Similar taxa sections copied from Galloway $(1985,2007)$.

## REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 1985: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens. Wellington: PD Hasselberg, Government Printer. 662 pp.
Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

MORE INFORMATION
https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/scytinium-kauaiense/

