

Pterostylis nutans

COMMON NAME

nodding greenhood orchid

SYNONYMS

Pterostylis matthewsii Cheeseman

FAMILY

Orchidaceae

AUTHORITY

Pterostylis nutans R.Br.

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

No

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Orchids

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Non-resident Native – Vagrant | Qualifiers: SO

PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 | Non-resident Native – Vagrant | Qualifiers: SO

2009 | Non-resident Native – Vagrant | Qualifiers: SO

2004 | Non-resident Native – Vagrant

DISTRIBUTION

Indigenous. New Zealand; North Island (recorded three times, originally from Pukemiro Hill near Kaitaia (between 1914 and 1920), from Castor Bay, Whangaparaoa Peninsula (1942) and most recently from Waihaha, Hauhangaroa Range in 1995). Also Australia (eastern).

HABITAT

In New Zealand this species has been found growing in coastal shrublands, open clay ground and in dense podocarp forest on the margin of a walking track. In Australia is it widespread in a variety of early successional to climax community habitats.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Terrestrial orchid forming colonies. Plants up to 300 mm tall. **Stem internodes** equal to or much larger than bracts. **Rosette leaves** 5–10 or more; petiole conspicuous, narrowly winged; leaf lamina 15–30 × 10–20 mm, light green to dark green, oblong-ovate, acute to subacute, margins undulating or finely crenate. **Cauline leaves** 1–3, sheathing, bract-like. **Flower** solitary, usually close to but sometimes remote from subtending bract; top of stem and ovary strongly arched over so that flower faces downwards or even incurves toward stem. **Dorsal sepal** 25 mm tall, rounded, apex acute. **Lateral sepals** very shortly connate, diverging at narrow angle, apices acuminate and hardly overtopping galea, surface minutely rugulose. **Petals** more or less equal to dorsal sepal, acute. **Labellum** irritable, narrow-triangular, strongly arched, protruding, apex subacute, margins slight incurved, finely covered in bristly hairs. **Column** much shorter than labellum; stigma elliptic.

MANAAKI WHENUA ONLINE INTERACTIVE KEY

[Key to native orchids of New Zealand](#)



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SIMILAR TAXA

A very distinctive species whose large nodding flowers immediately distinguish it from any other indigenous species. The narrowly-petiolate, oblong-ovate rosette leaves with undulating, crenate margins are also unique to this species.

FLOWERING

July–October

FLOWER COLOURS

Brown, Green

FRUITING

September–February

PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE

This species is easily cultivated. Indeed plants of Australian origin are held by several orchid specialists in the country. Although it requires a specific insect pollination vector, it can be hand pollinated and it also spreads asexually through natural division of its tubers. Because of its wide cultivation in many parts of the country reports of wild occurrences need to be critically examined as people have been known to deliberately plant this species into the wild in the mistaken belief that they are helping save it from extinction.

THREATS

Both Kaitaia and Castor Bay populations were probably wiped out by botanists (certainly the Kaitaia population was collected from repeatedly until there were no plants left). However, this species is insect-pollinated, and the insect vectors responsible for successful pollination are not present in New Zealand. It is for this reason that it is listed as a vagrant, for without human intervention it would be unlikely to form and set viable seed.

ETYMOLOGY

pterostylis: Winged column

nutans: Drooping

WHERE TO BUY

Not commercially available

ATTRIBUTION

Fact Sheet prepared for NZPCN by P.J. de Lange 14 April 2007: Description adapted from Moore and Edgar (1970).

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Moore LB, Edgar E. 1970. Flora of New Zealand, Volume II. Indigenous Tracheophyta: Monocotyledones except Gramineae. Government Printer, Wellington, NZ. 354 p.

NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

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MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/pterostylis-nutans/>