Psoromidium aleuroides

SYNONYMS

Coccocarpia fineranii, Lecidea aleuroides, Pannaria descendens, Phyllopsora aleuroides, Phyllopsora wellingtonii, Psoroma descendens, Psoromaria descendens, Psoromidium wellingtonii

FAMILY

Pannariaceae

AUTHORITY

Psoromidium aleuroides (Stirt.) D.J.Galloway

FLORA CATEGORY

Lichen - Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

No

ENDEMIC GENUS

Nο

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Squamulose

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2018 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Characterised by the corticolous (rarely saxicolous) habit; a thallus that is often areolate-diffract centrally, the squamules convex-imbricate; a thick, byssoid prothallus; confluent-conglomerate apothecia with margins often excluded at maturity; hymenium I+ deep-blue; an apical ring structure present in the ascus apex; and ellipsoidal to broadly fusiform ascospores, with rounded or bluntly apiculate apices, $10-13.5(-15) \times 4-6 \mu m$.





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DISTRIBUTION

North Island: Northland (Little Barrier Island), Auckland (Waitakere Ranges, Rangitoto Island), South Auckland (Mt Moehau, Coromandel Peninsula, Tihoi near Lake Taupo, Takaanu), Wellington (Lake Rotoaira, Ruahine Ranges). South Island: Canterbury (Mt Peel), Otago (Boyds Bush near Dunedin), Southland (Lake Hankinson, Fiordland, Secretary Island Doubtful Sound). Stewart Island: (Glory Cove, Noble Island Port Pegasus). Auckland Islands: (Hanfield Inlet, Laurie Harbour). Campbell Island: (Moubray Hill, S slopes of Mt Honey). Known also from Victoria and Tasmania

HABITAT

On bark of trees and shrubs in forest, also on lignum and rarely on rocks in humid, forest habitats.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Thallus small-squamulose, to 10 cm diam. Squamules small, rounded, 0.5-2.0 mm diam., crowded, imbricate to \pm suberect, margins shallowly to deeply crenate, bright lettuce-green to pale greenish-grey, turning brownish-buff on storage, matt, with paler margins, forming an areolate crust on a thick, black, byssoid prothallus, discrete and scattered near margins. **Cephalodia** rosette- shaped, placodioid, flattened, pale blue-grey, 1-3 mm diam., at margins of squamules or on prothallus. **Apothecia** numerous, sessile, often aggregated and \pm confluent, 0.4-1.0 mm diam., dark red-brown, matt, with a thin, pale margin, at first, soon becoming convex and immarginate. **Asci** clavate to ellipsoid, 70-75 μ m long. **Paraphyses** slender, apices not thickened, simple, sometimes dichotomously branching above asci. **Ascospores** ellipsoid or elongate-ellipsoid to broadly fusiform, rounded or bluntly apiculate at ends, 10-13.5(-15) \times 4-6 μ m, wall slightly scabrid, c. 1 μ m thick.

SUBSTRATE

Corticolous, rarely saxicolous.

ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (14 September 2021). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, and Features sections copied from Galloway (1985, 2007).

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 1985: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens. Wellington: PD Hasselberg, Government Printer. 662 pp. Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/psoromidium-aleuroides/