Psoroma melanizum

FAMILY

Pannariaceae

AUTHORITY

Psoroma melanizum Zahlbr.

FLORA CATEGORY

Lichen - Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Crustose

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2018 | Not Threatened

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Characterised by the saxicolous habit; the squamulose thallus, closely attached in compact rosettes and often mosaic-forming, 1–3 cm diam., bordered by a thin, black, byssoid prothallus, 1–2 mm wide; the thalline squamules are minute, 0.2–1.0 mm diam., yellowish brown to pale or whitish at margins, often secondarily lobulate and dispersed at margins, coalescent centrally forming a diffract-areolate crust; the scattered cephalodia, marginal on squamules, wrinkled-plicate; the frequent, sessile, predominantly central apothecia, 0.5–1.5 mm diam., the disc brown-black, plane to subconcave, with thin, crenulate margins concolorous with thallus; and subglobose to globose ascospores, 10–15(–16.5) μ m diam., with oily-granular contents and a perispore 1–3 μ m thick.





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DISTRIBUTION

South Island: Nelson (Brook Stream), Marlborough (above Ship Cove), Canterbury (Dyer's Pass, Banks Peninsula), Otago (Trotter's Gorge, Mount Watkin, Silver Peaks, Hammond's Hill Merton, Boyd's Bush N Taieri, Dunedin, Goat Island Otago Harbour, Akatore, Tautuku Bay), Southland (Doubtful Sound, Supper Cove Dusky Sound). **Stewart Island**: (Noble Island, Port Pegasus). **Auckland Islands**.

HABITAT

On coastal rocks above *Verrucaria* zone, and on rocks in damp, humid sites in coastal and lowland forest, s.l. to 400 m. It associates with *Dirina neozelandica*, *Opegrapha diaphoriza*, *Pertusaria graphica*, *Placopsis cribellans* and *Tylothallia pahiensis* on exposed rocky shore habitats, while in humid, shaded sites, it associates with species of *Leptogium*, *Pannaria leproloma*, *P. minutiphylla* and *Psoromidium aleuroides*.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Thallus squamulose, closely attached, in compact rosettes, often confluent in mosaics, 1-3 cm diam., bordered by a short, black, byssoid prothallus, 1-2 mm wide. **Squamules** minute, 0.2-1.0 mm diam., round to irregular, concave to plane to subconvex, margins entire, slightly thickened, often secondarily lobulate and dispersed at margins, coalescing, imbricate centrally, forming a diffract-areolate crust, prothallus visible between areolae, yellowish to pale whitish at margins, whole thallus superficially blackened, smooth to coriaceous, shining, waxy, epruinose. **Cephalodia** frequent, scattered, marginal on squamules, occasionally laminal or on hyphae of prothallus, \pm rosette-shaped, dark purplish-grey, rising above squamules, wrinkled-plicate, smooth to slightly granular. **Apothecia** sessile, frequent centrally, rarely marginal, round to irregular, 0.5-1.5 mm diam., disc brown-black, plane to subconcave, matt, epruinose, margins thin, pale or concolorous with thallus, crenulate. **Ascospores** ellipsoid to subglobose, 12 μm diam., or smaller, 4-6 × 3 μm.

SUBSTRATE

Saxicolous

ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (25 August 2021). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, and Features sections copied from Galloway (1985; 2007).

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 1985: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens. Wellington: PD Hasselberg, Government Printer. 662 pp. Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/psoroma-melanizum/