

# Olearia furfuracea

## COMMON NAME

akepiro

## SYNONYMS

*Aster furfuraceus* A.Rich., *Eurybia furfuracea* DC., *Haxtonia furfuracea* A.Cunn., *Shawia furfuracea* Raoul, *Olearia furfuracea* (A.Rich.) Hook.f. var. *furfuracea*, *Olearia furfuracea* var. *angustata* Kirk, *Olearia furfuracea* var. *angustata* subvar. *dubia* Kirk, *Olearia furfuracea* var. *rubicunda* Kirk

## FAMILY

Asteraceae

## AUTHORITY

*Olearia furfuracea* (A.Rich.) Hook.f.

## FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular – Native

## ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

## ENDEMIC GENUS

No

## ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Trees & Shrubs - Dicotyledons

## NVS CODE

OLEFUR

## CHROMOSOME NUMBER

2n = 108

## CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 | Not Threatened

## PREVIOUS CONSERVATION STATUSES

2012 | Not Threatened

2009 | Not Threatened

2004 | Not Threatened

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Bushy small tree with leathery dark green glossy toothed leaves that are rusty underneath and in some regions the bottom part of the upper central vein is dark. Leaves variable, 5-10cm long by 3-6cm wide. Flowers white with yellow centre, in clusters on brown fuzzy stalks.

## FLOWER COLOURS

White

## ETYMOLOGY

**olearia:** Named after Johann Gottfried Olearius, a 17th-century German scholar, writer of hymns and author of *Specimen Florae Hallensis*

**furfuracea:** From the Latin *furfur* 'bran' or 'dandruff', referring to the mealy, scurfy covering on the leaves and stems.

## MORE INFORMATION



Long Bay, Coromandel, February.

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*Olearia furfuracea*, Rangitoto Island.

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