# Lobarina scrobiculata

## **COMMON NAME**

Textured lung lichen

## **SYNONYMS**

Lichen scrobiculatus Scop., Lobaria scrobiculata (Scop.) DC.

#### **FAMILY**

Peltigeraceae

### **AUTHORITY**

Lobarina scrobiculata (Scop.) Nyl.

#### **FLORA CATEGORY**

Lichen - Native

## **ENDEMIC TAXON**

No

#### **ENDEMIC GENUS**

Nο

### **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

Nο

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Foliose

## **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2018 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

## **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Characterised by the corticolous thallus; the scrobiculate thallus (bluegreen when wet, pale yellowish or yellow-green to buff when dry), the numerous soralia on the upper surface and at the margins, the acicular, 3septate ascospores, and the presence of scrobiculin in the medulla.

### **DISTRIBUTION**

North Island: Auckland (Rangitoto Island), South Auckland (Mangaotaki Valley King Country, Waiotapu Valley), Wellington (Tiritea Stream Palmerston North, Tararua Ranges). South Island: Nelson (Lake Rotoiti), Marlborough (Wairau Valley), Canterbury (Hanmer, Peel Forest), Otago (Makarora, Hindon, Lamb Hill, Waikouaiti Reservoir, Mt Trotter, Horse Range, Boyd's Bush Dunedin, Beaumont, Tautuku Bay) to Southland (Forest Hill).

Known elsewhere from boreal regions of the Northern Hemisphere, where it is circumpolar, and from Australia.





Corticolous on Kunzea ericoides, Mt Owen, Nelson. Photographer: Marley Ford, Date taken: 02/01/2021, Licence: CC BY-NC.



Soredia, Mt Owen Nelson. Photographer: Marley Ford, Date taken: 02/01/2021, Licence: CC BY-NC.

## **HABITAT**

Mainly in lowland to subalpine sites of high humidity. *Lobarina scrobiculata* is moderately photophilous and will not tolerate deep shade. It is most commonly found in rather open, dryish situations very often associated with the shrubs *Kunzea* and *Leptospermum scoparium* agg. when these are dominant components of the vegetation in successional habitats. It is moderately common on rocks and is also an epiphyte of *Dacrycarpus dacrydiodes*, *Griselinia littoralis*, *Metrosideros excelsa*, *Lophozonia menziesi* and *Phyllocladus alpinus*.

It commonly associates with species of Coccocarpia, Degelia, Erioderma, Fuscoderma, Hypotrachyna, Leioderma, Nephroma, Normandina, Pannaria, Notoparmelia, Parmeliella, Physma, Heterodermia, Pseudocyphellaria, Psoroma, Sticta and Usnea.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

**Thallus** foliose, lobate, spreading, loosely attached, to 16 cm diam., corticolous, occasionally saxicolous or terricolous. Lobes rounded, overlapping or sometimes broadly laciniate, margins entire or slightly crenulate, often sorediate, subascendent, ± thickened in sorediate parts. **Upper surface** undulate, scrobiculate-reticulate but without strongly defined interconnecting ridges, matt or shining, dark bluish-green or greyish-blue when wet, pale yellowish-green or olive-buff when dry, suffused brownish at margins and there markedly scabrid-areolate, without isidia, phyllidia, maculae or pseudocyphellae. Soredia laminal and marginal, in spreading, erose soralia, punctiform on lamina at first, then eroding, ± linear at margins, whitish or greyish, becoming bluish with age, coarse, granular. **Medulla white**. **Lower surface** white, delicately scabrid at margins, uneven or ± wrinkled-bullate, not distinctly veined but with naked, whitish, scabrid patches scattered among pale tan to dark brown tomentum which extends to the margins, tomentum silky, entangled. **Apothecia** and **pycnidia** not seen.

**Chemistry**: Cortex K-: Medulla K+ orange-red, C+ rose or -, Pd+ orange; containing constictic, norstictic, stictic and usnic acids, meta-scrobiculin and para-scrobiculin.

#### **SUBSTRATE**

Corticolous, occasionally saxicolous or terricolous

## **ATTRIBUTION**

Galloway D.J. 1985: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens. Wellington: PD Hasselberg, Government Printer. 662 pp. Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

#### REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

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## **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/lobarina-scrobiculata/