# Heterodermia speciosa

## **SYNONYMS**

Lichen speciosus Wulfen in N. Jacquin

#### **FAMILY**

Physciaceae

#### **AUTHORITY**

Heterodermia speciosa (Wulfen) Trevis.

#### **FLORA CATEGORY**

Lichen - Native

#### **ENDEMIC TAXON**

No

#### **ENDEMIC GENUS**

Nο

#### **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

Nο

#### STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Foliose

# **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2018 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Characterised by the corticolous habit; the marginal soralia and pale upper surface; and the corticate lower surface.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

**North Island**: Three Kings Island to Wellington. **South Island**: Nelson, Canterbury.

Known also from Great Britian, Ireland, Europe, Scandinavia, the Azores, Asia, British Columbia, Hawai'i, Mexico, Brazil, East Africa, and Australia.

#### **HABITAT**

On trees, often in urban areas and open, modified habitats.

# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

**Lobes** slightly disjunct or adjacent,  $\pm$  plane, not ascending, with short lateral lobes. **Upper surface** even, sorediate. Soralia apical on main and lateral lobes, labriform, soredia whitish or greyish, granular. **Lower surface** corticate. **Apothecia** laminal, sessile to subpedicellate, thalline exciple sorediate. **Ascospores** without sporoblastidia, 25–35  $\times$  12–18  $\mu$ m. **Chemistry**: Atranorin, zeorin,  $\pm$ norstictic acid and three unidentified triterpenoids.

# PLANT CONSERVATION NEW YEARS



Local on exposed branches of totara (Podocarpus totara var, totara), with Ramalina celastri and Parmotrema reticulatum, Hokianga Northland. Photographer: Marley Ford, Date taken: 16/02/2021, Licence: CC BY.



Local on exposed branches of totara (Podocarpus totara var, totara), with Ramalina celastri and Parmotrema reticulatum, Hokianga Northland. Photographer: Marley Ford, Date taken: 16/02/2021, Licence: CC BY.

## SIMILAR TAXA

Easiely confused with Heterodermia tremulans which has short, often flexuose lobes and smaller spores (23–32  $\times$  12–14  $\mu$ m), Heterodermia speciosa has linear-elongate lobes and larger spores (25–37  $\times$  14–18  $\mu$ m).

#### **SUBSTRATE**

Corticolous

#### **ETYMOLOGY**

heterodermia: From the Greek heteros (other, different) and derma (a skin or hide), in reference to the presence or

absence of a lower cortex **speciosa**: Handsome

# **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (25 April 2022). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, and Features sections copied from Galloway (1985, 2007).

# REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 1985: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens. Wellington: PD Hasselberg, Government Printer. 662 pp. Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/heterodermia-speciosa/