Elaeocarpus dentatus var. obovatus

COMMON NAME

hīnau

FAMILY

Elaeocarpaceae

AUTHORITY

Elaeocarpus dentatus var. obovatus Cheeseman

FLORA CATEGORY

Vascular - Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Trees & Shrubs - Dicotyledons

NVS CODE

ELADVO

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2017 Data Deficient

BRIEF DESCRIPTION

Canopy tree bearing harsh thin leaves that have obvious pits on the underside and with small teeth along margins. Twigs with small hairs. Adult leaves 5-7cm long by 3-5cm wide, on long slender stem, Juvenile leaves longer and narrower. Flowers white, lacy, in conspicuous sprays. Fruit purple, oval, 12-15mm long.

DISTRIBUTION

Endemic. New Zealand: South Island (Marlborough Sounds, Nelson (Tasman Bay and North West Nelson)

HABITAT

Coastal to lowland forest.

ETYMOLOGY

elaeocarpus: Olive-seed

dentatus: Toothed

obovatus: From the Latin prefix ob- ('reverse') and the adjective ovatus 'egg-shaped'. Thus obovatus means

'reverse egg-shaped, i.e. the broadest part above the middle'.

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/elaeocarpus-dentatus-var-obovatus/

