# **Diploschistes actinostomus**

# **SYNONYMS**

Verrucaria actinostoma [Pers. ex] Ach.,

## **FAMILY**

Graphidaceae

# **AUTHORITY**

Diploschistes actinostomus (Pers.) Zahlbr.

## **FLORA CATEGORY**

Lichen - Native

## **ENDEMIC TAXON**

No

## **ENDEMIC GENUS**

Nο

## **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

Nο

# STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Crustose

# **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2018 | Data Deficient | Qualifiers: OL, SO

# **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Characterised by the saxicolous habit; the grey-white to greyish thallus; perithecioid ascomata; 4-8-spored asci; ellipsoidal ascospores,  $16-32 \times 10-20 \mu m$ ; and lecanoric acid in the medulla.

# **DISTRIBUTION**

**South Island**: Otago. Also found in Canterbury (Banks Peninsula) in 2019 (Allison Knight, pers. comm.). Known also from Europe, Macaronesia, Asia, North America, West Indies, North Africa, South Africa, Socotra, India, Nepal and Australia.

## **HABITAT**

On base-rich siliceous rocks in open, sunny sites.

# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

**Thallus** crustose, uniform, rather thin, areolate, areolae 0.5–1.5 mm diam. **Upper surface** whitish grey to grey, smooth, glossy to matt, epruinose. **Apothecia** perithecioid, immersed, to 3 mm diam.; disc blackish, plane. Proper exciple to 70  $\mu$ m thick. Hymenium 120–160  $\mu$ m tall. **Asci** cylindrical to clavate, 4–8-spored. **Ascospores** brown, muriform, ellipsoidal, 16–32 × 10–20  $\mu$ m, 4–6 transverse septa, 1–3 longitudinal septa per transverse segment. **Pycnidia** immersed. **Conidia** bacillar, 4–7 × 1  $\mu$ m.

**Chemistry**: K-, C+ red, Pd-; containing lecanoric acid (major), diploschistesic acid (tr.), orsellinic acid (tr.), atranorin (tr.), chloroatranorin (tr.).

# **SIMILAR TAXA**

Poorly developed forms are distinguished from *D. euganeus*, which has no secondary chemistry and broadly ellipsoidal ascospores.

## **SUBSTRATE**

Saxicolous

# **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (28 December 2021). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, Features, and Similar taxa sections copied from Galloway (2007).



# REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/diploschistes-actinostomus/