# Cladonia southlandica

#### **FAMILY**

Cladoniaceae

## **AUTHORITY**

Cladonia southlandica W.Martin

#### **FLORA CATEGORY**

Lichen - Native

### **ENDEMIC TAXON**

Nο

#### **ENDEMIC GENUS**

Nο

## **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

No

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Fruticose

# **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2018 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

#### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Characterised by the pale yellowish cortex; and the presence of usnic and fumarprotocetraric acids.

### **DISTRIBUTION**

North Island: Northland (Awanui, Kaitaia, Karikari Peninsula), South Auckland (Te Moehau Coromandel Peninsula). South Island: Nelson (Lead Hills, Mt Technical), Westland (Kelly Range, near Ross), Canterbury (Temple Basin Arthur's Pass, Craigieburn River), Otago (Rees Valley), Southland (Pukerau, Awarua Bay). Stewart Island: (Glory Cove, Mt Allen, Tin Range, Fraser Peaks, Fright Cove Port Pegasus). Also in Australia.





Terricolous in alpine, Mt Anglem Stewart Island. Photographer: Marley Ford, Licence: CC BY.



Terricolous in alpine, Mt Anglem Stewart Island. Photographer: Marley Ford, Licence: CC BY.

## HABITAT

In alpine-subalpine habitats on peat soils amongst mounds of Sphagnum, rarely on decaying wood.

#### **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

**Primary squamules** persistent or disappearing, 0.5-2 mm long, crenate-incised, margins ± lobulate, brown-yellow, smooth above, whitish arachnoid below. **Podetia** growing from margins and upper surface of primary squamules, 3 cm tall, 1-1.5 mm diam., at base, expanding upwards, subcylindrical, rather crowded, simple to irregularly dichotomously branched, with or without cups, cups regular, oblique or deformed, proliferating from margins, covered with a concave or funnel-shaped membrane. **Cortex** pale yellowish, brown-black at base, impellucid, decorticate, surface rather uneven, imperforate or with occasional perforations or ± areolate, areolae smooth, raised, soredia and squamules absent, chondroid layer smooth, not reticulate. **Apothecia** minute, terminal, pale brown, 0.2-1.0 mm diam., convex, simple or ± confluent, on marginal proliferations of cups. **Pycnidia** bottle-shaped, 0.1 mm diam., at tips of fertile podetia below apothecia and on surface of primary squamules, ostiole black-rimmed, gaping.

Chemistry: Cortex K-, KC+ yellow, Pd+ red; containing usnic acid and fumarprotocetraric acid.

#### **SIMILAR TAXA**

Thalli are more robust than those of *C. capitellata*.

### **SUBSTRATE**

Terricolous, rarely on decaying wood

### **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (8 April 2021). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, Features and Similar taxa sections copied from Galloway (1985) & Galloway (2007).

# REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 1985: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens. Wellington: PD Hasselberg, Government Printer. 662 pp. Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/cladonia-southlandica/