Cladonia corymbescens

FAMILY

Cladoniaceae

AUTHORITY

Cladonia corymbescens Nyl. ex Leight.

FLORA CATEGORY

Lichen - Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Nο

ENDEMIC GENUS

No

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Fruticose

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2018 | Data Deficient | Qualifiers: SO

DISTRIBUTION

Three Kings Islands: (Raoul Island). **North Island**: Northland (Te Paki), Auckland (Waitakere Ranges) to South Auckland (Kaimai Ranges).

Known also from eastern Australia, Papua New Guinea, New Caledonia, China, Nepal.

HABITAT

On soil, still very poorly collected.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Basal squamules small, inconspicuous, persistent, 2–3 × 1 mm, slightly incised. **Podetia** arising from basal squamules, 10–30 mm tall, c. 7–1.5 mm diam., usually simple and branching near apices, the branches arranged in a subcymose or subcorymbose manner, axils open, always with terminal apothecia, off-white or partly brown; cortex smooth near base and becoming verrucose near apices, becoming longitudinally grooved and split, without soredia, occasionally slightly squamulose. **Apothecia** small, 0.25–0.5 mm diam., pale-brown to brown, convex, terminal on branches.

Chemistry: Cortex K+ weak yellow, KC-, Pd+ red; containing atranorin, fumarprotocetraric and protocetraric acids, the substance Cph-2 and accessory rangiformic and norrangiformic acids.

SIMILAR TAXA

An uncommon species distinguished from *Cladonia furcata* by the presence of atranorin, and from fertile *C. pratermissa* by the absence of soredia.

SUBSTRATE

Terricolous

ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (10 September 2021). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, Features and Similar taxa sections copied from Galloway (2007).

REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Galloway D.J. 2007: Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi. 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp

MORE INFORMATION

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/cladonia-corymbescens/

