

Beeveria distichophylloides

COMMON NAME

Moss, beeveria

SYNONYMS

Pterygophyllum distichophylloides Broth. et Dixon

FAMILY

Pilotrichaceae

AUTHORITY

Beeveria distichophylloides (Broth. & Dixon) Fife

FLORA CATEGORY

Non-vascular – Native

ENDEMIC TAXON

Yes

ENDEMIC GENUS

Yes

ENDEMIC FAMILY

No

STRUCTURAL CLASS

Mosses

CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS

2009 | At Risk – Naturally Uncommon | Qualifiers: RR, Sp

DISTRIBUTION

Endemic. North, South and Chatham Islands. Mostly saxicolous in lowland to montane forested habitats on calcareous and base-rich igneous rocks. Occasionally on rotting logs.

HABITAT

Saxicolous (rarely corticolous). Coastal to montane. Usually in high rain fall areas where it is found on damp calcareous rocks such as limestone, sandstone and siltstone in cave entrances and along shaded streambanks, ravines and gorges. *Beeveria* has also occasionally been collected on logs and on the basal part of the trunks of trees.

FRUITING

Fertile specimens may be found throughout the year

THREATS

Beeveria is not threatened but nor is that common. The species is characteristically associated with calcareous rocks where it is usually found in cave entrances and along shaded ravine and gorge systems. On occasion it may be locally common.

ATTRIBUTION

Fact sheet prepared for NZPCN by P.J. de Lange 30 June 2011.

NZPCN FACT SHEET CITATION

Please cite as: de Lange, P.J. (Year at time of access): *Beeveria distichophylloides* Fact Sheet (content continuously updated). New Zealand Plant Conservation Network.

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/beeveria-distichophylloides/> (Date website was queried)

MORE INFORMATION

<https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/beeveria-distichophylloides/>

