# Austroparmelina conlabrosa

# **SYNONYMS**

Pseudoparmelia conlabrosa Hale, Parmelina conlabrosa (Hale) Elix & J.Johnst.

## **FAMILY**

Parmeliaceae

## **AUTHORITY**

Austroparmelina conlabrosa (Hale) A. Crespo, Divakar & Elix

#### **FLORA CATEGORY**

Lichen - Native

## **ENDEMIC TAXON**

No

#### **ENDEMIC GENUS**

Nο

## **ENDEMIC FAMILY**

Nο

## STRUCTURAL CLASS

Lichens - Foliose

### **CURRENT CONSERVATION STATUS**

2018 | Not Threatened | Qualifiers: SO

# **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Characterised by the lignicolous (rarely saxicolous) habit; cylindrical isidia; and lecanoric acid in the medulla.

# **DISTRIBUTION**

# North Island, South Island,

Known also from Australia and New Caledonia.

#### **HABITAT**

On bark and decorticated wood, rarely on rocks, coastal and inland.

# **DETAILED DESCRIPTION**

**Thallus** closely attached, 2–10 cm diam. **Lobes** imbricate, variable, sublinear–elongate to subirregular and apically rounded, sometimes subdichotomously branching, 1–3 mm wide, cilia sparse to moderately common, 0.1–0.5 mm long, black. **Upper surface** pale-grey to greenish grey, plane to convex, glossy, emaculate, smooth, **isidiate**, soredia absent. Isidia scattered to common, cylindrical, erect, often branched, less than 0.5 mm tall. **Lower surface** black, rhizines common, simple, black. **Apothecia** rare, sessile, 1–4 mm diam., exciple isidiate. **Ascospores** broadly ellipsoidal, 9–13  $\times$  5–8  $\mu$ m. **Pycnidia** rare, **Conidia** cylindrical, 3–4  $\times$  1  $\mu$ m.

**Chemistry**: Cortex K+ yellow; medulla K-, C+ red, KC+ red, Pd-; containing atranorin, chloroatranorin, lecanoric acid (major) and occasionally orsellinic acid (tr.).

# SIMILAR TAXA

It is the isidiate counterpart of A. pseudorelicina. Similar to Austroparmelina labrosa but with isidia instead of soredia.

# **SUBSTRATE**

Corticolous, lignicolous

Australe Parmelina have been moved into the genus Austroparmelia by Crespo et al. (2010).





Corticolous on rata (Metrosideros perforata), Waimamaku Far North. Photographer: Marley Ford, Date taken: 26/03/2021, Licence: CC BY.



Corticolous on rata (Metrosideros perforata), Waimamaku Far North. Photographer: Marley Ford, Date taken: 26/03/2021, Licence: CC BY.

## **ATTRIBUTION**

Fact sheet prepared by Marley Ford (8 August 2022). Brief description, Distribution, Habitat, Features, and Extra information sections copied from Galloway (2007).

# REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

Crespo A., Ferencova Z., Perez-Ortega S., Elix J.A., and Divakar P.K. 2010: *Austroparmelina*, a new Australasian lineage in parmelioid lichens (Parmeliaceae, Ascomycota). *Systematics and Biodiversity 8(2)*: 209-221. Galloway D.J. 2007: *Flora of New Zealand: Lichens, including lichen-forming and lichenicolous fungi.* 2nd edition. Lincoln, Manaaki Whenua Press. 2261 pp.

# **MORE INFORMATION**

https://www.nzpcn.org.nz/flora/species/austroparmelina-conlabrosa/