# Veronica filiformis

# **COMMON NAME**

creeping speedwell

#### **FAMILY**

Plantaginaceae

#### **AUTHORITY**

Veronica filiformis Sm.

# **FLORA CATEGORY**

Vascular - Exotic

#### STRUCTURAL CLASS

Herbs - Dicotyledons other than Composites

#### **CONSERVATION STATUS**

Not applicable

## **BRIEF DESCRIPTION**

Soft creeping herb, rooting at nodes; reniform hirsute leaves and crenate margins. Flowers on long pedicels (to 25 mm), pubescent; corolla c.12 mm diameter; calyx remaining after petal fall but fruit not developing in NZ.

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Very local in NZ, establishing from vegetative material only

## **HABITAT**

Lawns, gardens

## **SIMILAR TAXA**

Flower similar to V. persica but plant creeping with reniform (not pointed) leaves. V. persica has abundant fruit with divergent capsule lobes.

# **FLOWER COLOURS**

Blue, Violet/Purple

#### **FRUITING**

No fruit known in NZ

# PROPAGATION TECHNIQUE

rooted pieces

# YEAR NATURALISED

1981

#### **ORIGIN**

Asia Minor, Crimea, Caucasia, N. Iran

# **REASON FOR INTRODUCTION**

Maybe ornamental but probably accidental in soil with other plants

# **ETYMOLOGY**

**veronica**: Named after Saint Veronica, who gave Jesus her veil to wipe his brow as he carried the cross through Jerusalem, perhaps because the common name of this plant is 'speedwell'. The name Veronica is often believed to derive from the Latin vera 'truth' and iconica 'image', but it is actually derived from the Macedonian name Berenice which means 'bearer of victory'.

filiformis: From the Latin filum 'thread' and forma 'shape', meaning thread-shaped





Veronica filiformis - Cornwall Park, Auckland. Photographer: Mike Wilcox, Date taken: 13/12/2007, Licence: All rights reserved.



Flower with dark blue anthers; Bushy Park homestead garden. Photographer: Colin C. Ogle, Date taken: 22/11/2016, Licence: CC BYNC.

